Name	Biology II March/April 2012
Transport	in Plants
Objectives:	
1) Understand how the forces of adhesion and cohesion and cohesion and cohesion of water through the plant 2) Recognize the form and function of stomata	ion and the process of transpiration aid in the
<u>Materials</u> :	
Glass tube Celery Stalks Microscopes, slides, and cover-slips Food coloring 2 glass beakers	Scalpel Scotch tape Clear nail polish Leaves from plants
PART 1:	
1. Observe the large glass tube at the front of the room of the tube in the dyed water? Why?	m. What will happen when Mr. Kuenzli puts the
2. Now, obtain a stalk of celery. How is this celery stamovement of water in the tube similar to the moveme	
3. Why did the water rise so high in the leaves but no	t in the glass tube?
4. Is celery a monocot or a dicot? How do you know?	

5. Carefully cut a VERY thin cross-section slice of celery from the stalk. Make it as thin as possible and try to keep the thickness the same throughout. (Think a really thin slice of bread you're about to toast. You don't want the thickness to vary so that one part might get crispier than another. We would all rather have a homogenous level of toastiness, wouldn't we? Yes we would.)

6. Now, check it out under MEDIUM. NOT HIGH PO the structures you can see another) textbook.	WER!!! In the space belo	ow, draw your celery slice	e. Indicate and label all of
7. What cells are stained r	more than others? Why?		
PART 2:			
8. Paint a small section of dry, peel the polish off the attached to the tape as yo imprint of stomata in the p	leaf by pressing scotch to u peel it away from the le	ape to it. If done carefull	y, the polish should stay
9. Compare how many sto	omata are located on the u	underside of the leaf vers	sus the top of the leaf.
	Number of stomata on top of leaf	Number of stomata on bottom of leaf	
10. Why do you see the o	lifferences above?		
44. Evalois is detail bout	ha farasa af adhaaisa aya		as of transmiration aid in
<ol> <li>Explain in detail how the transportation of water</li> </ol>		i conesion and the proce	ess of transpiration aid in
<ol><li>Predict what would ha prevented the passage of prediction.</li></ol>			